



{ GASB Update. }

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Agenda

- Summary of Standards
- Significant Standards
- GASB Technical Items

Standards Summary

Summary of Recent GASB Statements

Statement	Effective	Summary	Impact
60- Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements	YBA 12/15/11	Recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements for public-private or public-public partnerships.	Not significant
61- The Financial Reporting Entity; Omnibus	YBA 6/15/12	Amends GASB no. 14 and 34 – Component units	Potentially significant
62- Codification of Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements	YBA 12/15/11	Incorporates FASB statements, interpretations, APB Opinions and ARBs into GASB literature	Not significant
63- Net Position; Deferred Inflows/Outflows	YBA 12/15/11	Changes the format of the financial statements	Significant
65- Items previously reported as Assets and Liabilities	YBA 12/15/12	Properly classify certain items as deferred outflows and inflows of resources	Not significant

Summary of Recent GASB Statements

Statement	Effective	Summary	Impact
66- Technical corrections 2012	YBA 12/15/12	Resolves conflicting accounting and financial reporting guidance that could diminish consistency	Not significant
67- Financial Reporting for Pension Plans—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25	YBA 6/15/13	Pension plan accounting and reporting (NOT OPEB)	Not significant to employers
68- Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27	YBA 6/15/14	Participant employers in pension plans (NOT OPEB) – recording the net pension liability (unfunded portion) and expands footnote and RSI reporting	Significant
69- Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations	YBA 12/15/13	Merger - Use of carrying values to measure the assets and liabilities. Acquisition - Assets acquired and liabilities assumed generally to be valued at their acquisition values.	Not significant
GASB 70 – Accounting and Financial reporting for nonexchange financial guarantees	YBA 6/15/13	To recognize a liability when qualitative factors and historical data, if any, indicate that it is more likely than not that the government will be required to make a payment on the guarantee	Not significant

Significant Standards

GASB 63

- GASB 63 – Net Position and Deferred inflows/outflows
 - Effective June 30, 2013
 - GASB Concept 4 defines “deferred inflows” and “deferred outflows”
 - GASB 65 clarifies use of the “deferred” terminology
 - This pronouncement:
 - Provides guidance for how to present deferred inflows and outflows in financial statements

GASB 63 – net position and deferred inflows/outflows

- Statement of Net Assets becomes Statement of Net Position
- Statement of Net Position
 - Two format choices:
 - $\text{Assets} + \text{Deferred outflows} - \text{Liabilities} - \text{deferred inflows} = \text{Net Position}$ (HIGHLY Encouraged)
 - $\text{Assets} + \text{Deferred outflows} = \text{Liabilities} + \text{Deferred inflows} + \text{Net Position}$ (Balance sheet format)

GASB 63

	JUNE 30	
	2013	2012
	(in thousands)	
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,000	\$ 14,000
Accounts receivable, net	6,000	6,800
Inventories	500	550
Other assets	800	1,000
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	<u>22,300</u>	<u>22,350</u>
NONCURRENT ASSETS:		
Endowment investments	6,000	5,000
Loans receivable, net	12,000	10,000
Other long-term investments	32,000	30,000
Capital assets, net	65,000	68,000
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	<u>115,000</u>	<u>113,000</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>137,300</u>	<u>135,350</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, Net (Pension - GASB 68 - June 30, 2015)	-	-
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,000	2,000
Unearned revenue	6,000	7,000
Deposits	1,000	900
Current portion of long-term obligations	2,000	1,800
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	<u>12,000</u>	<u>11,700</u>
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Long-term debt and other obligations	29,000	30,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	41,000	41,700
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	34,000	36,200
Restricted for:		
Nonexpendable	23,000	22,000
Expendable		
Scholarships, fellowships and research	15,000	13,000
Loans	2,000	2,000
Capital projects	6,000	5,000
Unrestricted	16,300	15,450
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>96,300</u>	<u>93,650</u>

GASB 63-net position and deferred inflows/outflows

- Disclosures:
 - Footnote disclosure of the components of deferred inflows/outflows if aggregated in the statement of net position or a governmental fund balance sheet
 - Significant impacts on a component of net position (invested in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted) resulting from large differences between deferred inflow/outflow and the related asset or liability

GASB 63 - Implementation

OPINION LETTER

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the University early adopted GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. These statements introduce and define those elements as a consumption of net assets by the University that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the University that is applicable to a future reporting period, respectively. The standards also incorporate deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets. In accordance with the standards, the University has modified the presentation of the statement of net position and has reported deferred outflows of resources from a refunding of debt at June 30, 2012 in accordance with the standard.

NOTE 1

Change in Accounting Principles

Effective with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the University early adopted GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. These statements introduce and define those elements as a consumption of net assets by the University that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the University that is applicable to a future reporting period, respectively. The standards also incorporates deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets. In accordance with the standards, the University has modified the presentation of the Statement of Net Position and has reported deferred outflows of resources from a refunding of debt in June 30, 2012 in accordance with the standard.

GASB 65 – deferred outflows/inflows

- Reporting Items Previously Recognized as Assets and Liabilities
 - Issued March 2012
 - Effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012 (FY14), earlier application is encouraged, and probably makes sense to early adopt with GASB 63

GASB 65 – deferred outflows/inflows

- Reporting Items Previously Recognized as Assets and Liabilities
 - Reclassifies certain items currently reported as assets and liabilities to be reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources
 - Accounting changes adopted to conform to the provisions of this Statement should be applied retroactively by restating financial statements, if practical, for all periods presented.

GASB 65 – deferred outflows/inflows

- Refundings of debt
 - Deferred inflow/outflow for difference between the re-acquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt (essentially gain or loss)
 - Amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt
- Debt issuance costs
 - Expensed in period incurred
 - Does not include prepaid insurance costs
 - Includes: insurance costs, financing costs, other

GASB 65 – deferred outflows/inflows

- Use of the term “Deferred”
 - Deferred should be limited to items reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources
 - For items still reported as liabilities, we need to find new terminology:
 - Deferred revenue from exchange transactions should be Unearned revenue;
 - Deferred revenue from nonexchange transactions will be more varied – perhaps “Obligation to perform eligibility requirements?” (or perhaps “Unearned revenue” still works for you)

GASB 65 – deferred outflows/inflows

Quick Reference Summary - Treatment under GASB 65:

Account Balance	Treatment
Effective hedges – the offset to the FMV of the hedging instrument (GASB 53)	Deferred outflow/ inflow
Service concession arrangements (GASB 60)	Deferred inflows
Debt refunding – diff b/w reacquisition price and carrying value of debt (or lease) (this is the GASB 23 deferred loss on refunding)	Deferred inflow
Imposed nonexchange revenue – resources received (or receivable) before the period resources may be used (incl. prop taxes before the period levied)	Deferred inflow
Government- mandated nonexchange revenue or Voluntary nonexchange resources received before eligibility requirements are met (excluding time requirements)	Liability (Assets by payors)
- Awaiting just Time requirements	Deferred inflow/ outflow
Sale of future revenue (unless GASB 48 allows revenue in period of sale)	Deferred inflow
Debt issuance costs	Expense
- prepaid insurance costs	Asset (then amortized)

GASB 65 – deferred outflows/inflows

Operating leases – initial direct costs	Expense
Sale-Leaseback gain or loss	Deferred O/I
Insurance – acquisition costs	Expense
Lending activities:	
– Loan origination fees rec'd (other than points)	Revenue
- Points rec'd	Deferred inflow
– Loan origination costs	Expense
– commitment fees	Liability, until exercised or expired (then Rev)
Purchased loan fees	Revenue/ Expense
Mortgage banking (other than mortgages held for resale)	Same as lending, above
Mortgages – held for resale	Defer until the time of resale (incl. points) – then Rev or Exp
Regulated operations – Revenue intended to cover future costs	Deferred inflow
Regulated Operations – Gain or other reduction of net allowable costs	Deferred inflow

GASB 65 – Footnote

NOTE 1

Deferred Outflows and Hedging Instruments

Deferred outflows and hedging instruments consist primarily of interest rate swap agreements and are stated at fair value based on the zero coupon valuation method. The University recorded deferred outflows and hedging instruments of \$X and \$X at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Effective June 30, 2012, deferred outflows also include \$X of gain on the defeasance of the General Obligation Bonds Series 20XX.

Bond Issuance Costs

Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

Unearned Revenue

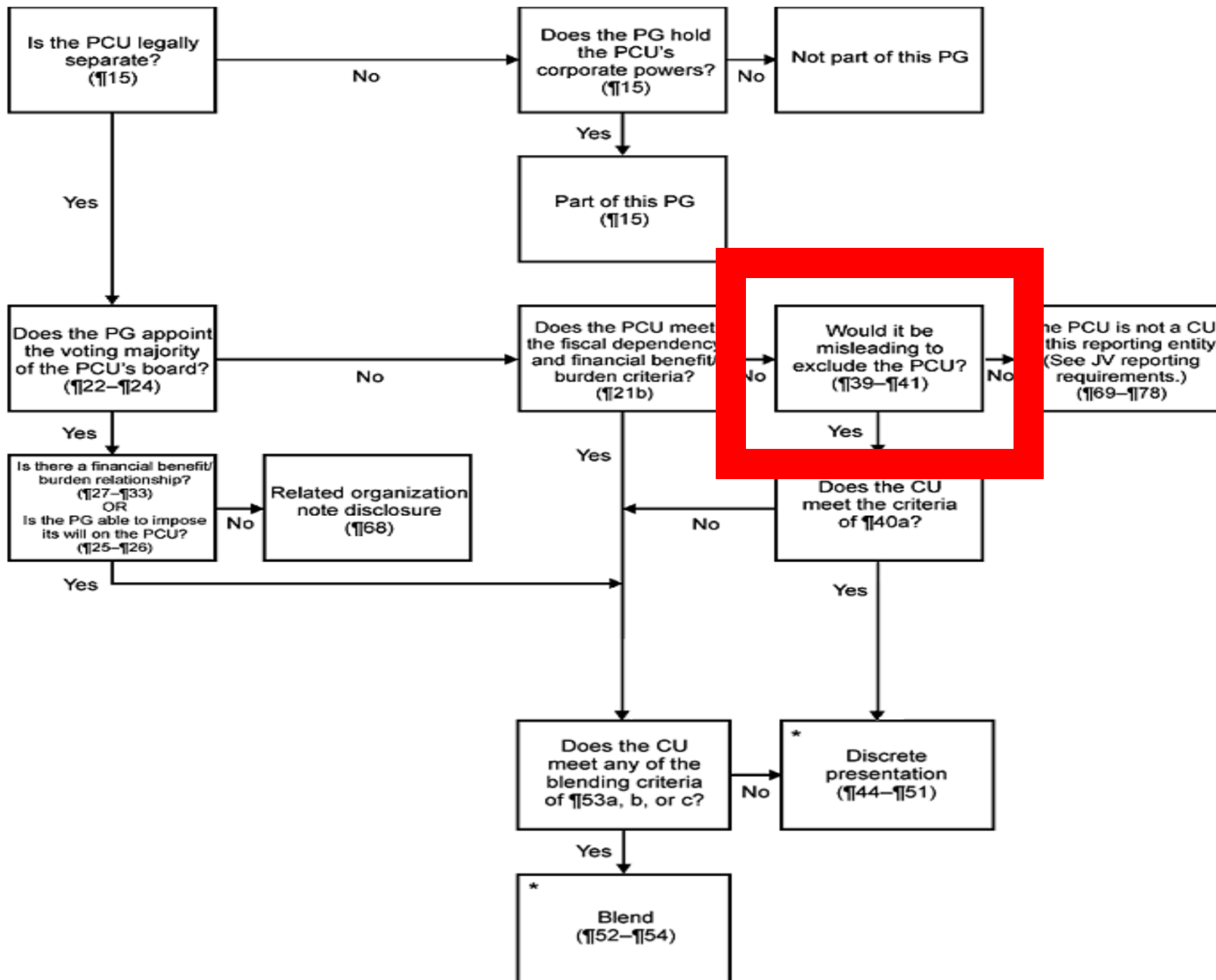
Unearned revenue consists primarily of summer school tuition not earned during the current year and advances on contracts and sponsored programs.

GASB 61

- Statement 61 - The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34
 - Clarifies blending with focus on fiscal dependency
 - Applicable for June 30, 2013
 - GASB 14 set forth the rules for which component units should be included in another government's financial reporting entity

GASB 61 - Reporting Entity (GASB 14/34) OMNIBUS

- Impacts:
 - Which entities to include/exclude
 - How to include (blend, discretely present, footnote)



GASB 61 - Reporting Entity (GASB 14/34)

- Definitions:
 - Misleading to Exclude – Certain organizations should be included if the nature & significance of their relationship would render the f/s misleading or incomplete. A tax-exempt organization should be reported as a CU if all are true:
 - Its economic resources are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the PG
 - The PG may access (or historically has received) those resources
 - The resources are significant to the PG

GASB 61 - Reporting Entity (GASB 14/34)

- Blending is allowed in any of these situations:
 1. The CU governing board is substantively the same as the governing body of the PG, and either:
 - PG management has operational responsibility for the CU; or
 - There is a financial benefit/ burden.
 2. The CU provides its services entirely (or almost entirely) to the PG itself (not merely for the benefit of the PG, or to constituents of the PG).
 3. The CU's total outstanding debt is expected to be repaid almost entirely from PG.

(blend, only if not also meeting criteria of Par 40a, see next slide)

GASB 61 - Reporting Entity (GASB 14/34)

- Reporting a Tax Exempt Entity (Foundation)
 - But, if the NFP/Foundation also meets all the criteria below (par 40a of GASB 14):
 - Holds resources entirely or almost entirely for the University
 - University is entitled to or has ability to access funds
 - Amounts held at the NFP/Foundation are significant to the University
 - **Guidance now require NFP/Foundations meeting blending criteria and par. 40a criteria to be discretely presented**

GASB 61 – Discrete Presentation #1

	June 30, 2013		June 30, 2012	
	College	Foundation	College	Foundation
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 60,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 66,000	\$ 6,000
Investments	100,000	89,000	121,000	100,000
Accounts and pledges receivable - Net	65,000	7,000	60,000	8,000
Prepaid expenses and deferred charges	8,000	1,000	7,000	1,000
Inventories	1,900	1,000	2,000	1,000
Total current assets	<u>234,900</u>	<u>108,000</u>	<u>256,000</u>	<u>116,000</u>
Noncurrent Assets				
Pledges receivable - Net	-	12,000	-	1,000
Endowment investments	15,000	120,000	21,000	130,000
Capital assets - Net	350,000	22,000	360,000	24,000
Total noncurrent assets	<u>365,000</u>	<u>154,000</u>	<u>381,000</u>	<u>155,000</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 599,900</u>	<u>\$ 262,000</u>	<u>\$ 637,000</u>	<u>\$ 271,000</u>
Deferred Outflows, Net (Pension - GASB 68 - June 30, 2015)				
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 28,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 32,000	\$ 4,000
Deferred revenue	15,000	-	16,000	-
Long term-debt - Current portion	6,000	1,000	7,000	1,500
Total current liabilities	<u>49,000</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>55,000</u>	<u>5,500</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Long-term debt	150,000	8,000	160,000	9,500
Refundable advances, federal student loans	6,000	-	7,000	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>156,000</u>	<u>8,000</u>	<u>167,000</u>	<u>9,500</u>
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 205,000</u>	<u>\$ 12,000</u>	<u>\$ 222,000</u>	<u>\$ 15,000</u>
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	194,000	13,000	193,000	13,000
Restricted:				
Nonexpendable	15,000	120,000	20,000	120,000
Expendable	24,000	60,000	32,000	60,000
Unrestricted	161,900	57,000	170,000	63,000
Total net position	<u>\$ 394,900</u>	<u>\$ 250,000</u>	<u>\$ 415,000</u>	<u>\$ 256,000</u>

GASB 61 – Discrete Presentation #2

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

College

	JUNE 30	
	2013	2012
	(in thousands)	
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,000	\$ 14,000
Accounts receivable, net	6,000	6,800
Inventories	500	550
Other assets	800	1,000
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	<u>22,300</u>	<u>22,350</u>
NONCURRENT ASSETS:		
Endowment investments	6,000	5,000
Loans receivable, net	12,000	10,000
Other long-term investments	32,000	30,000
Capital assets, net	65,000	68,000
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	<u>115,000</u>	<u>113,000</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>137,300</u>	<u>135,350</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, Net (Pension - GASB 68 - June 30, 2015)	-	-
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,000	2,000
Unearned revenue	6,000	7,000
Deposits	1,000	900
Current portion of long-term obligations	2,000	1,800
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	<u>12,000</u>	<u>11,700</u>
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Long-term debt and other obligations	29,000	30,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	41,000	41,700
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	34,000	36,200
Restricted for:		
Nonexpendable	23,000	22,000
Expendable		
Scholarships, fellowships and research	15,000	13,000
Loans	2,000	2,000
Capital projects	6,000	5,000
Unrestricted	16,300	15,450
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>96,300</u>	<u>93,650</u>

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Foundation

	JUNE 30	
	2013	2012
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000
Pledges receivable	6,000	6,000
Cash surrender value of life insurance	1,000	1,000
Prepaid expenses	4,000	4,000
Investments	100,000	100,000
Property and equipment, net	55,000	55,000
Total Assets	<u>\$ 178,000</u>	<u>\$ 178,000</u>
Liabilities		
Grants payable	2,000	3,000
Accrued liabilities	1,000	1,000
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 3,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,000</u>
Net Assets		
Unrestricted	57,000	12,900
Temporarily restricted	30,000	45,000
Permanently restricted	88,000	116,100
Total Net Assets	<u>\$ 175,000</u>	<u>\$ 174,000</u>

GASB 61 – Blending Presentation in Footnotes

When Foundation is insignificant:

Condensed Statement of Net Assets

Foundation	JUNE 30	
	2013	2012
Assets		
Current assets	\$ 23,000	\$ 23,000
Investments	100,000	100,000
Capital assets	55,000	55,000
Total Assets	<u>178,000</u>	<u>178,000</u>
Current Liabilities	3,000	4,000
Net Assets		
Unrestricted	57,000	12,900
Temporarily restricted	30,000	45,000
Permanently restricted	88,000	116,100
Total Net Assets	<u>175,000</u>	<u>174,000</u>

GASB 61 – Blending Presentation in Footnotes

When Foundation is insignificant:

Condensed Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Foundation	JUNE 30	
	2013	2012
Operating Revenue		
Sales and services	\$ 5,000	\$ 6,000
Other	1,000	1,000
Total operating revenue	<u>6,000</u>	<u>7,000</u>
Operating Expense		
Instruction	10,000	8,000
Research activities	5,000	4,000
Scholarships	50,000	55,000
Total operating expense	<u>65,000</u>	<u>67,000</u>
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)		
Gifts	120,000	100,000
Investment (loss) income	(5,000)	10,000
Other	6,000	5,000
Total nonoperating revenue	<u>121,000</u>	<u>115,000</u>
Increase in Net Assets	62,000	55,000
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	275,000	220,000
Net Assets - End of year	<u>337,000</u>	<u>275,000</u>

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows

Foundation	JUNE 30	
	2013	2012
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(4,000)	5,000
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	10,000	5,000
Net cash used in by investing activities	(2,000)	(3,000)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	<u>4,000</u>	<u>7,000</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	17,000	10,000
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	<u>21,000</u>	<u>17,000</u>

GASB 68 – Accounting and Financial reporting for Pensions

- Overall Significant Changes
 - Cost-sharing employers will now have to report their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability
 - Effective June 30, 2015

GASB 68 – Accounting and Financial reporting for Pensions

- Employer-Employee Exchange
 - GASB board concluded in GASB 45, that postemployment benefits (including pensions) arise from an exchange between an employer and employees of salaries and benefits for employee service each period.
 - Therefore, an employer incurs an obligation to its employees for pensions as a result of the employment-exchange transactions.

GASB 68 – Accounting and Financial reporting for Pensions

- Issues related to control
 - GASB board concluded that the lack of ability to control the benefit terms or the manner in which the defined benefit pension are financed does not change whether the employers collectively receive the benefits of employees' services in exchange for compensation that includes pensions.

GASB 68 – Accounting and Financial reporting for Pensions

- Issues related to control
 - It is the GASB Board's view that for financial reporting purposes, a pension plan can have an obligation for the pensions of its participating employers only to the extent that the pension plan is holding fiduciary net position (cash at the plan) available for payment of those benefits.

GASB 68 – Accounting and Financial reporting for Pensions

- Issues related to control
 - Through contractually required contributions, the cost-sharing employers have an ongoing responsibility to provide financial support for the benefits created by their collective employment exchanges with their employees
 - Therefore, the Board believes that the employers collectively remain responsible for the unfunded obligation

Approach Under GASB 67/68

- Accounting implications:
 - Pension expense will be reported as employees earn their pension benefits by providing services
 - If the amount funded is less than this, the statements will report a net pension liability
 - Changes in pension liability will be immediately recognized as pension expense or reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources depending on nature of change

Formula for Net Pension Liability

- Employers will now record the NET pension liability on the full accrual statements.



These amounts will be measured as of the “measurement date”

Total Pension Liability



TOTAL
pension
liability

- Calculated by the actuary
- Similar to today's actuarial accrued liability (BUT definitely NOT the same)
- GASB significantly limits HOW the total pension liability will be calculated
 - Actuarial cost method
 - Discount rate
 - Measurement date

Plan Net Position

- Plan Net Position = Plan Assets – Plan Liabilities



Plan Net
Position

- Assets are valued at FMV (not smoothed value!)
- All other amounts determined on same accounting basis used by pension plan

Income Statement Impact



- Impact on pension expense: The change in the net pension liability **does NOT** all get recognized as pension expense immediately
- Certain changes can be deferred (shown as deferred inflow or outflow related to pensions)
 - See table on next slide
- Everything else (including benefit changes) will impact pension expense immediately

Income Statement Impact

CHANGE IN NET PENSION LIABILITY DUE TO:	EXPENSE	DEFD I/O
1. Employees work and earn more benefits	X	
2. Interest on the total pension liability	X	
3. Changes in total pension liability due to:		Amortized Over Service Period
a) Actual economic & demographic changes differing from assumed		Amortized Over Service Period
b) Changing assumptions about economic & demographic factors		Amortized Over Service Period
c) Changes in the terms of pension benefits	X	
4. Changes in amount of pension plan net assets due to:	X	
a) Projected investment earnings	X	
b) Actual investment earnings experience different than assumed		Amortized Over 5 Years
c) All other (receiving contributions, paying benefits, etc.)	X	

Other Implications

- ARC is no longer relevant for financial reporting
 - But still need to comply with state law!
- If ARC is calculated under the new standards, it will likely be higher than under current GAAP
 - However, you can continue to calculate ARC under prior parameters.
- Coordination with actuary – plan and employer!
 - Timing of roll forward procedures, if required

Cost-Sharing Employers

- Cost sharing employers expense will include:
 - Proportionate share of the plan's pension expense
 - Amortization of deferrals including:
 - Net effect of annual changes in the employer's proportionate share
 - Annual differences between the employer's actual contribution and its proportionate share

Cost-Sharing Pension Plans – Example calculation

MPSERS Pension Benefits - Estimated GASB 68 Liability			
		June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Actuarial Value of MPSERS Plan Assets	\$	41,038,000,000	\$ 43,294,000,000
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$	(63,427,000,000)	\$ (60,927,000,000)
Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$	(22,389,000,000)	\$ (17,633,000,000)
Funded Ratio		64.7%	71.1%

Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS)

http://www.michigan.gov/documents/orsschools/MPSERS_2012_CAFR_412874_7.pdf

Example Cost-Sharing Plan Allocation

MPSERS Pension Benefits - Estimated GASB 68 Liability			
	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010	
Estimated XYZ CC Covered Payroll	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 9,000,000	
MPSERS Statewide Covered Payroll	\$ 9,156,000,000	\$ 8,845,000,000	
Covered Payroll as a Percentage of MPSERS Covered Payroll	0.11%	0.10%	
Estimated XYZ CC prorata share of unfunded liability	\$ (24,452,818)	\$ (17,942,001)	

Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS)

http://www.michigan.gov/documents/orsschools/MPSERS_2012_CAFR_412874_7.pdf

Example Roll-forward

	Total Example Plan (not actual #)	CC Share (0.11%)
Net Pension Liability		
Net pension liability, July 1, 2010	\$ (17,633,000,000)	\$ (17,942,001)
<i>Components to pension expense</i>		
Normal cost	(2,530,000,000)	(2,763,215)
Actual benefit payments	3,942,027,101	4,305,403
Interest of 7%	(4,264,890,000)	(4,658,028)
Projected investment earnings	2,400,000,000	2,621,232
All other (receiving contributions, paying benefits, etc)	(213,651,000)	(233,345)
Total components recorded as pension expense	(666,513,899)	(727,953)
<i>Components to deferred inflow/outflow of resources:</i>		
Change in proportion from 0.10% in 2010 to 0.11% in 2011	-	(1,316,408)
Actual investment earnings experience different than assumed	(1,068,256,332)	(1,166,728)
Census loss (actuarial accrued liability experience)	(878,310,000)	(959,273)
Other assumptions changes loss	(2,142,919,769)	(2,340,454)
Total components recorded as deferred inflow/outflow	(4,089,486,101)	(5,782,863)
Net pension liability, June 30, 2011	<u>\$ (22,389,000,000)</u>	<u>\$ (24,452,818)</u>

Example Roll-forward

Deferred Inflow and Outflow		
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources, July 1, 2010	\$ -	\$ -
2011 activity	4,089,486,101	5,782,863
2011 amortization on investment earnings difference (5 years) to pension expense	(213,651,266)	(233,346)
2011 amortization of all other deferred outflows (12 years) to pension expense	(251,769,147)	(384,678)
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources, June 30, 2011	<u>\$ 3,624,065,687</u>	<u>\$ 5,164,840</u>
Note: GASB 63 would encourage one line on statement of net position and then footnote breakout for Deferred Outflows/Inflows		

Example FS for GASB 68 (first year)

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION College

	JUNE 30 2011	GASB 68 Adjustments	Proforma June 30, 2011
			(in thousands)
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,000		\$ 15,000
Accounts receivable, net	6,000		6,000
Inventories	500		500
Other assets	800		800
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	<u>22,300</u>		<u>22,300</u>
NONCURRENT ASSETS:			
Endowment investments	6,000		6,000
Loans receivable, net	12,000		12,000
Other long-term investments	32,000		32,000
Capital assets, net	65,000		65,000
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	<u>115,000</u>		<u>115,000</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>137,300</u>		<u>137,300</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, Net (Pension - GASB 68 - June 30, 2015)	-	5,783 (2) (618) (3)	5,165
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,000		3,000
Unearned revenue	6,000		6,000
Deposits	1,000		1,000
Current portion of long-term obligations	2,000		2,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	<u>12,000</u>		<u>12,000</u>
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Long-term debt and other obligations	29,000		29,000
Pension obligations	-	17,942 (1) 6,511 (2)	24,453
TOTAL LIABILITIES	41,000		65,453
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	34,000		34,000
Restricted for:			
Nonexpendable	23,000		23,000
Expendable			
Scholarships, fellowships and research	15,000		15,000
Loans	2,000		2,000
Capital projects	6,000		6,000
Unrestricted	16,300	(17,942) (1) (728) (2) (618) (3)	(2,988)
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 96,300</u>		<u>\$ 77,012</u>

Example FS for GASB 68 (first year)

SRECNP College

	JUNE 30 2011	GASB 68 Adjustments (in thousands)	Proforma June 30, 2011
Operating Revenue	\$ 75,000		\$ 75,000
Operating Expenses	<u>100,000</u>	728 (2) 618 (3)	<u>101,346</u>
Operating loss	(25,000)		(26,346)
Nonoperating revenue and expenses	<u>26,650</u>		<u>26,650</u>
Income before other	1,650		304
Other	<u>1,000</u>		<u>1,000</u>
Increase in net position	2,650		1,304
Net position, beginning of year	<u>93,650</u>	(17,942) (1)	<u>75,708</u>
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 96,300</u>		<u>\$ 77,012</u>

Example FS GASB 68 Adjustments

Journal entries - as if recording for first time at June 30, 2011		2011	
		Debit	Credit
<i>(1) To record CC's share of Plan's net pension liability as of July 1, 2010</i>			
Net pension liability			\$ 17,942,001
Unrestricted net assets	\$ 17,942,001		
<i>(2) To record changes in CC's share of Plan's net pension liability in fiscal year June 30, 2011</i>			
Pension expense	727,953		
Deferred inflows (cr)/outflows (dr) of resources - Change in proportionate share	1,316,408		
Deferred inflows (cr)/outflows (dr) of resources - Changes in assumptions	3,299,727		
Deferred inflows (cr)/outflows (dr) of resources - Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,166,728		
Net pension liability			6,510,816
<i>(3) To record amortization of the first year of the deferred</i>			
Deferred inflows (dr)/outflows (cr) of resources	618,024		
Pension expense			618,024

Footnote Disclosure Changes

- Very significant footnote disclosure changes (the illustrative model takes 5 pages!):
 - Benefit terms
 - # of participants
 - Contribution requirements
 - Assumptions
 - Support for the discount rate
 - Details of the changes in the net pension liability

Likely these will be very time-intensive to compile! Plan accordingly!

Footnote Disclosure Changes

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers Pension Plan (TPP) and additions to/deductions from TPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TPP. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note X

[If the District's employees were provided with benefits through more than one defined benefit pension plan, the District should disclose information required by paragraph 74 of this Statement and should apply the requirements of paragraph 75 of this Statement.]

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided with pensions through the Teachers Pension Plan (TPP)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement System (TRS). Article 33 of the State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at [Internet address].

Benefits provided. TPP provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 2.5 percent of the employee's final 3-year average compensation times the employee's years of service. Employees with 10 years of continuous service are eligible to retire at age 60. Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits equal two times the employee's final full-year salary. [If the benefit terms included postemployment benefit changes, the District should disclose information about those terms, as required by paragraph 76b of this Statement.]

[If the pension plan was closed to new entrants, the District should disclose that fact, as required by paragraph 76b of this Statement.]

Contributions. Per Article 33 of the State Statutes, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating school districts are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Employees are required to contribute 6.20 percent of their annual pay. The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 20X9, was 17.32 percent of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$2,095 for the year ended June 30, 20X9.

Footnote Disclosure Changes

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 20X9, the District reported a liability of \$14,910 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 20X8, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At December 31, 20X8, the District's proportion was 0.20 percent, which was an increase of 0.01 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 20X7.

[If there had been a change of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement date, the District should disclose information required by paragraph 80e of this Statement.]

[If changes expected to have a significant effect on the measurement of the net pension liability had occurred between the measurement date and the reporting date, the District should disclose information required by paragraph 80f of this Statement.]

For the year ended June 30, 20X9, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,395. At June 30, 20X9, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,657	\$ 142
Changes of assumptions	1,714	130
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	2,188
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	747	153
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>1,065</u>	=
Total	<u>\$ 6,183</u>	<u>\$ 2,613</u>

\$1,065 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 20Y0. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
20Y0	\$ (269)
20Y1	161
20Y2	217
20Y3	545
20Y4	551
Thereafter	1,300

Footnote Disclosure Changes

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 20X8 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.5 percent
Salary increases	4.5 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 20X8 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 20X6-October 31, 20X8. As a result of the 20X8 actuarial experience study, the expectation of life after disability was adjusted in the December 31, 20X8 actuarial valuation to more closely reflect actual experience.

[If the benefit terms included ad hoc postemployment benefit changes, the District should disclose information about assumptions related to those changes, as required by paragraph 77 of this Statement.]

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	28%	1.3%
Domestic equity	31	5.4
International equity	21	5.6
Real estate	10	5.0
Private equity	7	7.4
Commodities	1	2.3
Cash	2	0.0
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Footnote Disclosure Changes

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. [If there had been a change in the discount rate since the prior measurement date, the District should disclose information about that change, as required by paragraph 78a of this Statement.]

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$16,476	\$14,910	\$13,091

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report. [If significant changes had occurred that indicate that the disclosures included in the pension plan's financial report generally did not reflect the facts and circumstances at the measurement date, the District should disclose additional information, as required by paragraph 79 of this Statement.]

Expanded Required Supplementary Information

- 10 years of changes in net pension liability
- 10-year comparison of funding status
- 10 years of ARC v. actual contributions

Expanded Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Teachers Pension Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*
(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	20X9	20X8	20X7	20X6
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.20%	0.19%	0.19%	0.19%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 14,910	\$ 11,738	\$ 12,972	\$ 13,495
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,512	\$ 10,412	\$ 9,715	\$ 9,553
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	129.52%	112.74%	133.53%	141.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81.38%	83.20%	80.41%	78.53%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 12/31.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

Expanded Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

Teachers Pension Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	<u>20X9</u>	<u>20X8</u>	<u>20X7</u>	<u>20X6</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,095	\$ 2,057	\$ 1,969	\$ 1,649
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(2,095)</u>	<u>(2,057)</u>	<u>(1,969)</u>	<u>(1,649)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 12,097	\$ 10,962	\$ 10,063	\$ 9,634
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	17.32%	18.76%	19.57%	17.11%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

Expanded Required Supplementary Information

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended June 30, 20X9

Changes of benefit terms. Amounts reported in 20X8 reflect an increase in disability benefits to be equivalent to retirement benefits. Amounts reported in 20X4 reflect a modification to the benefit terms to incorporate a new definition of base compensation.

Changes of assumptions. Amounts reported in 20X9 reflect an adjustment of the expectation of life after disability to more closely reflect actual experience. For amounts reported in 20X6 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than on the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used to determine amounts reported prior to 20X6. Amounts reported in 20X3 reflect an adjustment of expected retirement ages to more closely reflect actual experience. Amounts reported in 20X0 reflect an adjustment of assumed life expectancies to more closely reflect actual experience.

Transition

- Report as adjustments to prior periods
- Restate all prior periods reported
- Deferred inflows/outflows – restate if practical; otherwise, assume zero beginning balance
- When single statements are issued, the prior year MD&A comparative information will still need to be updated
- RSI schedules prospective if information not initially available



MPERS state appropriations

- 201(4) and 236(4) – appropriation allocation for MPSER payments for State's FY 2013 (for College's 6/30/13) and it notes that there will be a similar allocation for FY 2014
- The amount should credit against the expense when the institution sends in a payment to MPERS. Institution should consider disclosing the payment was offset by a credit from state appropriations of \$X,XXX.
- For State of Michigan CAFR, the institution should report the credit as state appropriation revenue.

MPERS state appropriations-13

(4) From the appropriations described in subsection (1), there is appropriated for fiscal year 2012-2013 an amount not to exceed \$1,733,600.00 for payments to community colleges from the state school aid fund. A community college that receives money under this subsection shall use that money solely for the purpose of offsetting a portion of the retirement contributions owed by the college for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013. The amount allocated to each community college under this subsection is as follows:

- (a) Alpena Community College, \$30,400.00.
- (b) Bay de Noc Community College, \$30,800.00.
- (c) Delta College, \$81,400.00.
- (d) Glen Oaks Community College, \$14,200.00.
- (e) Gogebic Community College, \$25,300.00.
- (f) Grand Rapids Community College, \$101,700.00.
- (g) Henry Ford Community College, \$123,000.00.
- (h) Jackson Community College, \$68,500.00.
- (i) Kalamazoo Valley Community College, \$70,400.00.
- (j) Kellogg Community College, \$55,300.00.

Sec. 201a. It is the intent of the legislature to provide appropriations for the fiscal year ending on September 30, 2014 for the items listed in section 201. The fiscal year 2013-2014 appropriations are anticipated to be the same as those for fiscal year 2012-2013, except that the amounts will be adjusted for changes in caseload and related costs, federal fund match rates, economic factors, and available revenue. These adjustments will be determined after the January 2013 consensus revenue estimating conference.

MPERS state appropriations-14

(4) From the appropriations described in subsection (1), there is appropriated for fiscal year 2013-2014 an amount not to exceed \$1,733,600.00 for payments to community colleges from the state school aid fund. A community college that receives money under this subsection shall use that money solely for the purpose of offsetting a portion of the retirement contributions owed by the college for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2014. The amount allocated to each participating community college under this section shall be based on each participating college's total payroll covered by the retirement system-covered payroll for all participating colleges for the immediately preceding state fiscal year.

GASB Agenda Items

Projects and More

- Postemployment Benefit Accounting and Financial Reporting – Other Postemployment Benefit Accounting and Financial Reporting
 - ED – 2Q14
 - STD – 2Q15

Projects and More

- Fair Value Measurement and Application
 - Preliminary view – comments due 9/30
 - Hierarchy – Level 1, 2, 3
 - Excludes 2a7-like external investment pools, money market, equity method common stock
 - Expanded disclosure of hierarchy, description of valuation inputs, narrative on sensitivity of Level 3, NAV disclosures
 - Sound familiar?

NACUBO Blank Slate Program

Questions?